

VS-GW1600-40S User Manual



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1. Overview

What is VS-GW1600-40S?

OpenVox VoxStack Series Analog Gateway is an open source asterisk-based Analog VoIP Gateway solution for SMBs and SOHOs. With friendly GUI and unique modular design, users may easily setup their customized Gateway. Also secondary development can be completed through AMI (Asterisk Management Interface).

There are three models with VoxStack series Analog Gateway, the VS-GW1202-8S, VS-GW1202-16S and VS-GW1600-40S. There are 8 ports in VS-GW1202-8S. The Modular Design Analog Gateways are ranging from 8 up to 40 ports, developed for interconnecting the PSTN networks with a wide selection of codecs and signaling protocol, including G.711A, G.711U, G.729, G.722, G.723 and iLBC to quickly reduce communication expenses and maximize cost-savings. With the unique design of the VoxStack gateway, it can support hot-swap. Users can simply add or remove the modules for hardware expansion or exchange.

The VoxStack gateway designs with 2 LAN switch boards to provide stack ability on the hardware upgrade. You can choose either of them.

The Analog gateway use standard SIP protocol and compatible with Leading IMS/NGN platform, IPPBX and SIP servers, support most of the VoIP operating platforms such as Asterisk, Elastix, 3CX, FreeSWITCH ,Broadsoft etc.

Sample Application PSTN Analog Cards 00 VS-GW1600-40S Analog Phone Internet SIP Phone SIP Server 172.16.1.194 Soft SIP Phone

Figure 1-2-1 Topological Graph

Product Appearance

The picture below is appearance of Analog Series Gateway.





VS-GW1202-8S

VS-GW1600-40S

Figure 1-3-1 Product Appearance

Main Features

- Modular and VoxStack design
- Based on Asterisk[®]
- Editable Asterisk[®] configuration file
- Support T.38 fax relay and T.30 fax transparent, can continually fax multiple page
- Echo cancellation and Static jitter buffer
- Wide selection of codecs and signaling protocol
- DTMF relay
- Ring cadence and frequency setting
- MWI(Message waiting indicator)
- > DHCP , DNS/DDNS, NAT Network
- VAG and CNG
- All hot-swap
- Stable performance, flexible dialing, friendly GUI
- Two-year time warranty

Physical Information

_	·
Weight	732g
Size	15cm*19cm*4.5cm
Temperature	-20~70°C (Storage)
	0~40°C (Operation)

Table 1-5-1 Description of Physical Information

Operation humidity	10%~90% non-condensing
Power source	12V DC/4A
Max power	16W
LAN port	2

Software

Default IP: 172.16.99.1 Username: admin Password: admin

Please enter the default IP in your browser to scan and configure the module you want. Now we offer you two RJ45 Network ports to access to your gateway on the board, ETH1 and ETH2. You can choose either of them and they are the same.

Authentication Requi	ired	X
	.72.16.8.125:80 requires a usern e server says: Openvox-Analog-	
User Name:	admin	
Password:	****	
	Log In Cano	el

Figure 1-6-1 LOGIN Interface

2. System

Status

Port Infor	rmation											
Port	ort Type C		Caller	Caller ID		Sip Account		Port Status				
1		FXS			305	305		305	305		OnHook	
2		FXS			306			306	306		OnHook	
3		FXS			8003					OnHook	c	
4		FXS			8004					OnHook	c	
5		FXS			8005					OnHook	c	
6		FXS			8006	8006				OnHook		
7		FXS			8007						c	
8		FXS			8008					OnHook	c	
SIP Inform	mation											
Endpoint N	lame		User N	ame			Host		Registration	SIP St	atus	
305 305		172.16.99.97			client	Regis	tered					
306 306		172.16.99.97			client Re		tered					
Network	Information											
Name	MAC Address			IP Address	Mas		ĸ	Gateway	RX Packets		TX Packets	
LAN	A0:98:05:01:15:67	7		172.16.8.125		255	.255.0.0	172.16.0.1	15175		1019	

On the "Status" page, you will see Port/SIP/Network information and status.

Figure 2-1-1 System Status

Time

Table 2-2-1	Description	of Time	Settings
			~~~~ <b>B</b> ~

Options	Definition
System Time	Your gateway system time.
Time Zone	The world time zone. Please select the one which is the same or the closest as your city.
POSIX TZ String	Posix time zone strings.
NTP Server 1	Time server domain or hostname. For example, [time.asia.apple.com].

NTP Server 2	The first reserved NTP server. For example, [time.windows.com].
NTP Server 3	The second reserved NTP server. For example, [time.nist.gov].
Auto-Sync from NTP	Whether enable automatically synchronize from NTP server or not. ON is enable, OFF is disable this function.
Sync from NTP	Sync time from NTP server.
Sync from Client	Sync time from local machine.

For example, you can configure like this:

Time Settings	
System Time:	2013-9-11 17:46:41
Time Zone:	Chongqing
POSIX TZ String:	CST-8
NTP Server 1:	us.pool.ntp.org
NTP Server 2:	64.236.96.53
NTP Server 3:	time.windows.com
Auto-Sync from NTP:	ON
L	

Sync from NTP Sync from Client

**Figure 2-2-1 Time Settings** 

You can set your gateway time Sync from NTP or Sync from Client by pressing different buttons.

# **Login Settings**

Your gateway doesn't have administration role. All you can do here is to reset what new username and password to manage your gateway. And it has all privileges to operate your gateway. You can modify both your "Web Login Settings" and "SSH Login Settings". If you have changed these settings, you don't need to log out, just rewriting your new user name and password will be OK.

Tuble = 0 T Description of Login Settings				
Options	Definition			

Table 2-3-1 Description of	f Login	Settings
----------------------------	---------	----------

User Name	Define your username and password to manage your gateway, without space here. Allowed characters "+. < >&0-9a-zA-Z". Length: 1-32 characters.
Password	Allowed characters "+. < >&0-9a-zA-Z". Length: 4-32 characters.
Confirm Password	Please input the same password as 'Password' above.

Web Login Settings	
User Name:	admin
Password:	•••••
Confirm Password:	•••••
SSH Login Settings	
Enable:	ON
User Name:	admin
Password:	admin
Port:	12345

#### Figure 2-3-1 Login Settings

Notice: Whenever you do some changes, do not forget to save your configuration.

# General, Cluster, Tools and Information

### Language Settings

You can choose different languages for your system. If you want to change language, you can switch "Advanced" on, then "Download" your current language package. After that, you can modify the package with the language you need. Then upload your modified packages, "Choose File" and "Add", those will be ok.

Language Settings		
Language:	English 💌	
Advanced:	ON	
Download:	Download selected language package.	Download
Delete:	Delete selected language.	Delete
Add New Language:	New language Package: 浏览	Add

Figure 2-4-1 Language Settings

### Scheduled Reboot

If switch it on, you can manage your gateway to reboot automatically as you like. There are four reboot types for you to choose, "By Day, By Week, By Month and By Running Time".

Scheduled Reboot	
Enabled:	ON
Reboot Type:	By Day ▼ By Day
Running Time:	By Week By Month
Save	By Running Time



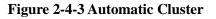
If use your system frequently, you can set this enable, it can helps system work more efficient.

### Working Mode

OpenVox Analog Gateway offers you two ways to cluster your gateway: Automatic Cluster or Manual Cluster. When you first time log in your gateway, you will only see 4 ports of one module.

Then you can press Automatic Cluster button, the system will search other modules in the LAN and communicate.

Working Mode	
Action:	Automatic Cluster
Basis:	Image build time Image version
Detail:	OFF



If you want to choose **Manual Cluster**, you should switch **Detail** on first. so we offer 3 kinds of Working Modes.

Working Mode			
Action:	Automatic Cluster		
Basis:	Image build time     Image version		
Detail:	ON		
Mode:	Master   Set Default		
Slave number:	4		
Password:	783587		
Master IP(Local IP):	192.168.130.110		
	Board-2 Original IP: 172.16.8.128 Target IP: 192.168.130.111		
Slaves IP List:	Board-3         Original IP:         172.16.8.129         Target IP:         192.168.130.112		
Slaves IP List:	Board-4 Original IP: 172.16.8.130 Target IP: 192.168.130.113		
	Board-5         Original IP:         172.16.8.131         Target IP:         192.168.130.114		
Remain Origianl IP address:			
Action:	Manual Cluster		

#### Figure 2-4-4 Working Modes

- Stand-alone Mode: Run alone, total 4 ports.
- Master Mode: Run as master with two different IP, controlling up to 10 slaves. (The master can be accessed by the original IP. The target IP is used to communicate with the slaves.)
- Slave Mode: Run as slave with two different IP, controlled by the master. If the original IP is forbidden, the slave can be accessed by the master with inward IP only.

**Notice**: You can choose Remain Original IP address ON or OFF. If set it on, you can log in your getaway with Original IP and Target IP.

Table 2-4-1 Definition of Master Options

Options	Definition
Mode	Stand-alone Mode
	Master Mode
	Slave Mode
Slave number	The number of slave board.
Password (master	Master Mode password. Must be 4~16 bits digital 0-9.
mode)	
Master IP(Local	Master's target IP.
IP) (master mode)	Must be set in the subnet different from external subnet, so that the
	external subnet couldn't access internal subnet.
Slaves IP List	Set the slaves's original and target IP. The original IP is outward IP, and the
	target IP is inward IP. Up to four slaves.

### **Reboot Tools**

On the "Tools" pages, there are reboot, update, upload, backup and restore toolkits. You can choose system reboot and Asterisk reboot separately.

Reboot Tools	The page at 172.16.179.1 says: X	
Reboot the gateway and all the current calls will be	Are you sure to reboot your gateway now?	System Reboot
	You will lose all data in memory!	
Reboot the asterisk and all the current calls will be		Asterisk Reboot
	OK Cancel	

#### Figure 2-4-5 Reboot Prompt

If you press "Yes", your system will reboot and all current calls will be dropped. Asterisk Reboot is the same.

Options	Definition
System Reboot	This will turn off your gateway and then turn it back on. This will drop all current calls.
Asterisk Reboot	This will restart Asterisk and drop all current calls.

#### Table 2-4-1 Instruction of reboots

We offer two kinds of update types for you, you can choose System Update or System Online Update. System Online Update is an easier way to update your system.

Update Firmware		
New system file:	浏览	System Update
New system file is download	ed from official website and update system.	System Online Update

#### Figure 2-4-6 Update Firmware

If you want to store your previous configuration, you can first backup configuration, then you can upload configuration directly. That will be very convenient for you.

Upload Configuration	
New configuration file: Choose File No file chosen	File Upload
Backup Configuration	
Current configuration file version: 1.0.1	Download Backup

#### Figure 2-4-7 Upload and Backup

Sometimes there is something wrong with your gateway that you don't know how to solve it, mostly you will select factory reset. Then you just need to press a button, your gateway will be

#### reset to the factory status.

Restore Configuration	]	
This will cause all the conf	iguration files to back to default factory values! And reboot your gateway once it finishes.	Factory Reset

**Figure 2-4-8 Factory Reset** 

### Information

On the "Information" page, there shows some basic information about the analog gateway. You can see software and hardware version, storage usage, memory usage and some help information.

Model Name:	VS-AGU-E2M0800	
Software Version:	1.0.3	
Hardware Version:	1.0.0	
Slot Number:	1	
Storage Usage:	1.7M/63.5M (3%)	
Memory Usage:	44.1395 % Memory Clean	
Build Time:	2013-11-18 14:49:17	
Contact Address:	F/3, Building 127, Jindi industrial zone, Futian district, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China	
Tel:	+86-755-82535461	
Fax:	+86-755-83823074	
E-Mail:	support@openvox.cn	
Web Site:	http://www.openvox.cn	
Rebooting Counts:	15	
System Time:	2013-11-22 15:59:40	
System Uptime:	0 days 05:03:43	

**Figure 2-4-9 System Information** 

# 3. Analog

You can see much information about your ports on this page.

# **Channel Settings**

Port	Туре	Name	Caller ID	Sip Account	CID signalling	Rx gain	Tx gain	Actions
1	FXS	board1-port1	8001	None <b>v</b>	bell 🔻	3.0	3.0	0
2	FXS	board1-port2	8002	None <b>v</b>	bell 🔻	3.0	3.0	0
3	FXS	board1-port3	8003	None <b>v</b>	bell 🔻	3.0	3.0	0
4	FXS	board1-port4	8004	None <b>•</b>	bell <b>T</b>	3.0	3.0	0
5	FXS	board1-port5	8005	None <b>v</b>	bell 🔻	3.0	3.0	0
6	FXS	board1-port6	8006	None <b>v</b>	bell 🔻	3.0	3.0	0
7	FXS	board1-port7	8007	None 🔻	bell 🔻	3.0	3.0	0
8	FXS	board1-port8	8008	None <b>•</b>	bell <b>T</b>	3.0	3.0	0

#### Figure 3-1-1 Channel System

On this page, you can see every port status, and click action

button to configure the port.

Board-1-Port 1	
V General	
Port type:	FXS
Name:	
Rx gain:	3.0
Tx gain:	3.0
Ring timeout:	50
Sip Account:	None <b>T</b>
🔻 Caller ID	
Caller ID:	8001
Full name:	Channel 8001
CID signalling:	bell 🔻
DND:	
Tall feature	
Call waiting:	
Three way calling:	
Call transfer:	
Call forward:	No
Call forward number:	
Save Cancel	

**Figure 3-1-2 Port Configure** 

# **Dial Matching Table**

Dialing rules is used to effectively judge whether the received number sequence is complete, in order to timely end receiving number and send out number The correct use of dial-up rules, helps to shorten the turn-on time of phone call

_01 [358] XXXXXXXXX	Dial Matching rule may be numbers, letters, or combinations
_010XXXXXXXX	thereof. If an rule is prefixed by a '_' character, it is
_02XXXXXXXXX	interpreted as a pattern rather than a literal. In
_0[3-9]XXXXXXXXX	patterns, some characters have special meanings:
_11[02-9]	
_111XX	X - any digit from 0-9
_9 [56] XXX	Z - any digit from 1-9
_100XX	N - any digit from 2-9
_10[1-9]	[1235-9] - any digit in the brackets (in this example,
_12[0-24-9]	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
_1[358]XXXXXXXXX	! - wildcard, causes the matching process to complete
_[235-7]XXXXXXX	as soon as ;it can unambiguously determine that no other
_[48] [1-9] XXXXXX	matches are possible
_[48]0[1-9]XXXXX	
_[48]00XXXXXXX	For example, the rule _NXXXXX would match normal 7 digit
_#XX	dialings, while _1NXXNXXXXX would represent an area code
_*XX	plus phone number preceded by a one.
##	
_X.	

Figure 3-2-1 Port Configure

# **Advanced Settings**

Global settings	
General	
Tone duration:	100
Dial timeout:	180
Codec:	Ulaw 🔻
Impedance:	China 🔻
Echo cancel tap length:	512 🔻
VAD/CNG:	OFF
Flash/Wink:	ON
Min flash time:	40
Max flash time:	400
"#" as Ending Dial Key:	ON
Checking SIP Status:	OFF

Figure 3-3-1 General Configuration

Options	Definition
Tone duration	How long generated tones (DTMF and MF) will be played on the channel. (in milliseconds)
Dial timeout	Specifies the number of seconds we attempt to dial the specified devices.
Codec	Set the global encoding : mulaw, alaw.
Impedance	Configuration for impedance.
Echo cancel tap length	Hardware echo canceler tap length.
VAD/CNG	Turn on/off VAD/CNG.
Flash/Wink	Turn on/off Flash/wink.
Min flash time	Min flash time.(in milliseconds).
Max flash time	Max flash time.(in milliseconds).
"#"as Ending Dial Key	Turn on/off Ending Dial Key.

#### Table 3-3-1 Instruction of General

V	Caller ID	
	The pattern of sending CID:	send CID after first ring
	Waiting time before sending CID:	100
	Send polarity reversal(DTMF Only):	
	Start code(DTMF Only):	
	Stop code(DTMF Only):	

Figure 3-3-2 Caller ID

### Table 3-3-2 Instruction of Caller ID

Options	Definition
The pattern of sending CID	Some countries(UK) have ring tones with different ring tones(ring-ring), which means the caller ID needs to be set later on, and not just after the first ring, as per the default(1).

Waiting time before sending CID	How long we will waiting before sending the CID on the channel.(in milliseconds).
Sending polarity reversal(DTMF Only)	Send polarity reversal before sending the CID on the channel.
Start code(DTMF Only)	Start code.
Stop code(DTMF Only)	Stop code.

▼ Hardware gain	
FXS Rx gain:	0 💌
FXS Tx gain:	0 💌

Figure 3-3-3 Hardware Gain

#### Table 3-3-3 Instruction of Hardware gain

Options	Definition
FXS Rx gain	Set the FXS port Rx gain. Range: -35, 0 or 35.
FXS Tx gain	Set the FXS port Tx gain. Range: -35, 0 or 35.

1	' Fax	
	Mode:	Adaptive
	Rate:	No speed limit 💌
	Ecm:	

#### Figure 3-3-4 Fax Configuration

#### Table 3-3-4 Definition of Fax

Options	Definition
Mode	Set the transmission mode.
Rate	Set the rate of sending and receiving.
Ecm	Enable/disable T.30 ECM (error correction mode) by default.

V Country	
Country:	United States / North America
Ring cadence:	2000,4000
Dial tone:	350+440
Ring tone:	440+480/2000,0/4000
Busy tone:	480+620/500,0/500
Call waiting tone:	440/300,0/10000
Congestion tone:	480+620/250,0/250
Dial recall tone:	!350+440/100,!0/100,!350+440/100,!0/100,!350+440/100,!0/100,350+44
Record tone:	1400/500,0/15000
Info tone:	!950/330,!1400/330,!1800/330,0
Stutter tone:	[!350+440/100,!0/100,!350+440/100,!0/100,!350+440/100,!0/100,!350+4

Figure 3-3-5 Country Configuration

Table	3-3-5	Definition	of Country
-------	-------	------------	------------

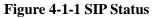
Options	Definition
Country	Configuration for location specific tone indications.
Ring cadence	List of durations the physical bell rings.
Dial tone	Set of tones to be played when one picks up the hook.
Ring tone	Set of tones to be played when the receiving end is ringing.
Busy tone	Set of tones played when the receiving end is busy.
Call waiting tone	Set of tones played when there is a call waiting in the background.
Congestion tone	Set of tones played when there is some congestion.
Dial recall tone	Many phone systems play a recall dial tone after hook flash.
Record tone	Set of tones played when call recording is in progress.
Info tone	Set of tones played with special information messages (e.g., number is out of service.)
Stutter tone	

# **4. SIP**

# **SIP Endpoints**

This page shows everything about your SIP, you can see status of each SIP.

Endpoint Name	Registration	Credentials	Actions
301	client	301@172.16.8.63	
Add New SIP Endpoint Dele		301@172.16.8.63	



You can click 🏼 🛛	Add New SIP Endpoint	button to add a new SIP endpoint, and if you want to modify
existed endpoin	its, you can click	🥖 button.

### Main Endpoint Settings

There are 3 kinds of registration types for choose. You can choose "Anonymous, Endpoint registers with this gateway or This gateway registers with the endpoint".

You can configure as follows:

If you set up a SIP endpoint by registration "None" to a server, then you can't register other SIP endpoints to this server. (If you add other SIP endpoints, this will cause Out-band Routes and Trunks confused.)

V Main Endpoint Settings	
Name:	301
User Name:	Anonymous
Password:	
Registration:	None
Hostname or IP Address:	172.16.8.63
Transport:	
NAT Traversal:	Yes
SUBSCRIBE for MWI:	No

Figure 4-1-2 Anonymous Registration

For convenience, we have designed a method that you can register your SIP endpoint to your gateway, thus your gateway just work as a server.

V	' Main Endpoint Settings	
	Name:	301
	User Name:	301 Anonymous
	Password:	301
	Registration:	Endpoint registers with this gateway
	Hostname or IP Address:	dynamic
	Transport:	
	NAT Traversal:	Yes
	SUBSCRIBE for MWI:	No

#### Figure 4-1-3 Register to Gateway

Also you can choose registration by "This gateway registers with the endpoint", it's the same with

"None", except name and password.

Main Endpoint Settings	
Name:	301
User Name:	301 Anonymous
Password:	301
Registration:	This gateway registers with the endpoint
Hostname or IP Address:	172.16.0.88
Transport:	
NAT Traversal:	Yes
SUBSCRIBE for MWI:	No 💌

Figure 4-1-4 Register to Server

Options	Definition
Name	A name which is able to read by human. And it's only used for user's reference.
Username	User Name the endpoint will use to authenticate with the gateway.
Password	Password the endpoint will use to authenticate with the gateway. Allowed characters.
	NoneNot registering;
	Endpoint registers with this gatewayWhen register as this type, it
	means the GSM gateway acts as a SIP server, and SIP endpoints register to
Registration	the gateway;
	This gateway registers with the endpointWhen register as this type, it
	means the GSM gateway acts as a client, and the endpoint should be
	register to a SIP server;
Hostname or IP Address	IP address or hostname of the endpoint or 'dynamic' if the endpoint has a dynamic IP address. This will require registration.

### Table 4-1-1 Definition of SIP Options

Transport	This sets the possible transport types for outgoing. Order of usage, when the respective transport protocols are enabled, is UDP, TCP, TLS. The first enabled transport type is only used for outbound messages until a Registration takes place. During the peer Registration the transport type may change to another supported type if the peer requests so.
NAT Traversal	Addresses NAT-related issues in incoming SIP or media sessions. NoUse Rport if the remote side says to use it. Force Rport onForce Rport to always be on. YesForce Rport to always be on and perform comedia RTP handling. Rport if requested and comediaUse Rport if the remote side says to use it and perform comedia RTP handling.

# Advanced: Registration Options

Options	Definition	
Authentication	A username to use only for registration.	
User		
Register Extension	When Gateway registers as a SIP user agent to a SIP proxy (provider), calls from this provider connect to this local extension.	
From User	A username to identify the gateway to this endpoint.	
From Domain	A domain to identify the gateway to this endpoint.	
Remote Secret	A password which is only used if the gateway registers to the remote side.	
Port	The port number the gateway will connect to at this endpoint.	
Quality	Whether or not to check the endpoint's connection status.	
Qualify Frequency	How often, in seconds, to check the endpoint's connection status.	

 Table 4-1-2 Definition of Registration Options

# **Call Settings**

Options	Definition		
DTMF Mode	Set default DTMF Mode for sending DTMF. Default: rfc2833. Other options: 'info', SIP INFO message (application/dtmf-relay); 'Inband', Inband audio (require 64kbit codec -alaw, ulaw).		
Call Limit	Setting a call-limit will cause calls above the limit not to be accepted.		
Trust Remote-Party-ID	Whether or not the Remote-Party-ID header should be trusted.		
Send Remote-Party-ID	Whether or not to send the Remote-Party-ID header.		
Remote Party ID Format	How to set the Remote-Party-ID header: from Remote-Party-ID or from P-Asserted-Identity.		
Caller ID Presentation	Whether or not to display Caller ID.		

**Table 4-1-3 Definition of Call Options** 

# Advanced: Signaling Settings

Options	Definition		
Progress Inband	Set default DTMF Mode for sending DTMF. Default: rfc2833. Other options: 'info', SIP INFO message (application/dtmf-relay); 'inband', Inband audio (require 64kbit codec -alaw, ulaw).		
Allow Overlap Dialing	Allow Overlap Dialing: Whether or not to allow overlap dialing. Disabled by default.		
Append user=phone to URI	Whether or not to add '; user=phone' to URIs that contain a valid phone number.		
Add Q.850 Reason Headers	Whether or not to add Reason header and to use it if it is available.		

**Table 4-1-4 Definition of Signaling Options** 

Honor SDP Version	By default, the gateway will honor the session version number in SDP packets and will only modify the SDP session if the version number change. Turn this option off to force the gateway to ignore the SDP session version number and treat all SDP data as new data. This is required for devices that send non-standard SDP packets (observed with Microsoft OCS). By default this option is on.		
Allow Transfers	Whether or not to globally enable transfers. Choosing 'no' will disable all transfers (unless enabled in peers or users). Default is enabled.		
Allow Promiscuous Redirects	Whether or not to allow 302 or REDIR to non-local SIP address. Note that promiscredir when redirects are made to the local system will cause loops since this gateway is incapable of performing a "hairpin" call.		
Max Forwards	Setting for the SIP Max-Forwards header (loop prevention).		
Send TRYING on REGISTER Send a 100 Trying when the endpoint registers.			
Outbound Proxy	A proxy to which the gateway will send all outbound signaling instead of sending signaling directly to endpoints.		

# Advanced: Timer Settings

Options	Definition	
Default T1 Timer	This timer is used primarily in INVITE transactions. The default for Timer T1 is 500ms or the measured run-trip time between the gateway and the device if you have qualify=yes for the device.	
Call Setup Timer	If a provisional response is not received in this amount of time, the call will auto-congest. Defaults to 64 times the default T1 timer.	
Session Timers	Session-Timers feature operates in the following three modes: originate, Request and run session-timers always; accept, run session-timers only when requested by other UA; refuse, do not run session timers in any case.	

#### **Table 4-1-5 Definition of Timer Options**

Minimum Session Refresh Interval	Minimum session refresh interval in seconds. Default is 90secs.
Maximum Session Refresh Interval	Maximum session refresh interval in seconds. Defaults to 1800secs.
Session Refresher	The session refresher, uac or uas. Defaults to uas.

### Media Settings

Options Definition	
Media Settings	Select codec from the drop down list. Codecs should be different for each Codec Priority.

Table 4-1-6	Definition	of Media	Settings
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# **Batch SIP Endpoint**

If you want add batch Sip accounts, you can configure this page. Look out: this is only used when "This gateway registers with the endpoint" work mode.

Port	Port Name	User Name	Password	Hostname or IP Address	Port	VOS Encryption	Codec Priority	Support Codec
				·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law 🔻	All 🔻
1	port1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law 🔻	All 🔻
2	port2			·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law 🔻	All 🔻
3	port3			·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law 🔻	All 🔻
4	port4			·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law 🔻	All 🔻
5	port5			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law V	All 🔻
6	port6			·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law 🔻	All 🔻
7	port7			·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law 🔻	All 🔻
8	port8			·		No 🔻	G.711 u-law V	All 🔻

Figure 4-2-1 Batch SIP Endpoint

# **Advanced SIP Settings**

# Networking

Options	Definition
UDP Bind Port	Choose a port on which to listen for UDP traffic.
Enable TCP Enable server for incoming TCP connection (default is no).	
TCP Bind Port	Choose a port on which to listen for TCP traffic.
TCP Authentication Timeout	The maximum number of seconds a client has to authenticate. If the client does not authenticate before this timeout expires, the client will be disconnected.(default value is: 30 seconds).
TCP Authentication Limit	The maximum number of unauthenticated sessions that will be allowed to connect at any given time(default is:50).
Enable Hostname Lookup	Enable DNS SRV lookups on outbound calls Note: the gateway only uses the first host in SRV records Disabling DNS SRV lookups disables the ability to place SIP calls based on domain names to some other SIP users on the Internet specifying a port in a SIP peer definition or when dialing outbound calls with suppress SRV lookups for that peer or call.
Enable Internal SIP	Whether enable the internal SIP calls or not when you select the
Call	registration option "Endpoint registers with this gateway".
Internal SIP Call Prefix	Specify a prefix before routing the internal calls.

#### Table 4-3-1 Definition of Networking Options

### NAT Settings

Options	Definition			
	Format:192.168.0.0/255.255.0.0 or 172.16.0.0./12. A list of IP address or			
	IP ranges which are located inside a NATed network.			
Local Network	This gateway will replace the internal IP address in SIP and SDP messages			
	with the external IP address when a NAT exists between the gateway and			
	other endpoints.			
Local Network List	Local IP address list that you added.			
	Through the use of the test_stun_monitor module, the gateway has the			
	ability to detect when the perceived external network address has			
	changed. When the stun_monitor is installed and configured, chan_sip will			
Subscribe Network	renew all outbound registrations when the monitor detects any sort of			
Change Event	network change has occurred. By default this option is enabled, but only			
	takes effect once res_stun_monitor is configured. If res_stun_monitor is			
	enabled and you wish to not generate all outbound registrations on a			
	network change, use the option below to disable this feature.			

#### Table 4-3-2 Definition of NAT Settings

# Advanced: NAT Settings

Options	Definition	
Start of RTP Port Range	Start of range of port numbers to be used for RTP.	
End of RTP port Range	End of range of port numbers to be used for RTP.	
RTP Timeout		

#### Table 4-3-3 Definition of NAT Settings Options

# Parsing and Compatibility

Options	Definition
Strict RFC Interpretation	Check header tags, character conversion in URIs, and multiline headers for strict SIP compatibility(default is yes)
Send Compact Headers	Send compact SIP headers
SDP Owner	Allows you to change the username filed in the SDP owner string. This filed MUST NOT contain spaces.
Disallowed SIP Methods	The external hostname (and optional TCP port) of the NAT.
Shrink Caller ID	The shrinkcallerid function removes '(', ' ', ')', non-trailing '.', and '-' not in square brackets. For example, the caller id value 555.5555 becomes 5555555 when this option is enabled. Disabling this option results in no modification of the caller id value, which is necessary when the caller id represents something that must be preserved. By default this option is on.
Maximum Registration Expiry	Maximum allowed time of incoming registrations and subscriptions (seconds).
Minimum Registration Expiry	Minimum length of registrations/subscriptions (default 60).
Default Registration Expiry	Default length of incoming/outgoing registration.
Registration Timeout	How often, in seconds, to retry registration calls. Default 20 seconds.
Number of Registration Attempts Enter '0' for unlimited	Number of registration attempts before we give up. 0 = continue forever, hammering the other server until it accepts the registration. Default is 0 tries, continue forever.

Table 4-3-4 Instruction of Parsing and Compatibility

# Security

Options	Definition
Match Auth Username	If available, match user entry using the 'username' field from the authentication line instead of the 'from' field.
Realm	Realm for digest authentication. Realms MUST be globally unique according to RFC 3261. Set this to your host name or domain name.
Use Domain as Realm	Use the domain from the SIP Domains setting as the realm. In this case, the realm will be based on the request 'to' or 'from' header and should match one of the domain. Otherwise, the configured 'realm' value will be used.
Always Auth Reject	When an incoming INVITE or REGISTER is to be rejected, for any reason, always reject with an identical response equivalent to valid username and invalid password/hash instead of letting the requester know whether there was a matching user or peer for their request. This reduces the ability of an attacker to scan for valid SIP usernames. This option is set to 'yes' by default.
Authenticate Options Requests	Enabling this option will authenticate OPTIONS requests just like INVITE requests are. By default this option is disabled.
Allow Guest Calling	Allow or reject guest calls (default is yes, to allow). If your gateway is connected to the Internet and you allow guest calls, you want to check which services you offer everyone out there, by enabling them in the default context.

Table 4-3-5 Instruction of Security	<b>Table 4-3-5</b>	Instruction	of Security
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### Media

Options	Definition
Premature Media	Some ISDN links send empty media frames before the call is in ringing or progress state. The SIP channel will then send 183 indicating early media which will be empty - thus users get no ring signal. Setting this to "yes" will stop any media before we have call progress (meaning the SIP channel will not send 183 Session Progress for early media). Default is 'yes'. Also make sure that the SIP peer is configured with progressinband=never. In order for 'noanswer' applications to work, you need to run the progress() application in the priority before the app.
TOS for SIP Packets	Sets type of service for SIP packets
TOS for RTP Packets	Sets type of service for RTP packets

#### Table 4-3-6 Instruction of Media

# 5. Network, Advanced and Logs

# Network

On "Network" page, there are "Network Settings", "DDNS Settings", and "Toolkit".

### **Network Settings**

There are three types of LAN port IP, Factory, Static and DHCP. Factory is the default type, and it is 172.16.99.1. When you Choose LAN IPv4 type is "Factory", this page is not editable.

A reserved IP address to access in case your gateway IP is not available. Remember to set a similar network segment with the following address of your local PC.

LAN IPv4		
Interface:	eth0	
Туре:	Static 💌	
MAC:	A0:98:05:01:17:39	
IPv4 Settings		
Address:	172.16.161.1	
Netmask:	255.255.0.0	
Default Gateway:	172.16.0.1	
DNS Servers		
DNS Server 1:	202.96.134.133	
DNS Server 2:	202.96.128.166	
DNS Server 3:	8.8.8.8	
DNS Server 4:		
Reserved Access IP		
Enable:	ON	
Reserved Address:	192.168.99.1	
Reserved Netmask:	255.255.255.0	

Figure 5-1-1 LAN Settings Interface

Options	Definition
Interface	The name of network interface.
Туре	The method to get IP.
	Factory: Getting IP address by Slot Number (System $ ightarrow$ information
	to check slot number).
	Static: manually set up your gateway IP.
	DHCP: automatically get IP from your local LAN.
MAC	Physical address of your network interface.
Address	The IP address of your gateway.
Netmask	The subnet mask of your gateway.
Default Gateway	Default getaway IP address.
Reserved Access IP	A reserved IP address to access in case your gateway IP is not
	available. Remember to set a similar network segment with the
	following address of your local PC.
Enable	A switch to enable the reserved IP address or not.
	ON(enabled), OFF(disabled)
Reserved Address	The reserved IP address for this gateway.
Reserved Netmask	The subnet mask of the reserved IP address.

#### Table 5-1-1 Definition of Network Settings

Basically this info is from your local network service provider, and you can fill in four DNS servers.

DNS Servers	
DNS Server 1:	221.179.38.7
DNS Server 2:	
DNS Server 3:	
DNS Server 4:	



Options	Definition
DNS Servers	A list of DNS IP address. Basically this info is from your local
	network service provider.

#### Table 5-1-2 Definition of DNS Settings

### **VPN** Settings

You can upload the OpenVPN client configuration, if success, you can see a VPN virtual network card on SYSTEM status page. About the configure format you can refer to the Notice and Sample configuration.

VPN Settings	
VPNType: OpenVPN •	
OpenVPN Settings	
Upload Configuration: 选择文件 未选择任何文件	File Upload
Notice:	
1. The format of the upload file should be like this xxxx.tar.gz;	
2. The postfix of configuration files should be .conf;	
3. The upload file can not include any directory;	
4. If still confused please download the sample configuration and refer to it:	1.
Sample Configuration	Download Samples

#### Figure 5-1-3 OpenVPN Interface

VPN Settings		
	VPNType:	PPTP VPN V

### **PPTP VPN Settings**

Server:	0.0.0.0
Account:	test
Password:	••••
Domain:	
Use MPPE:	

Figure 5-1-4 PPTP VPN Interface

### **DDNS Settings**

DDNS Settings	
DDNS:	ON
Туре:	inadyn 💌
Username:	admin
Password:	admin
Your domain:	www.internet.site.com

You can enable or disable DDNS (dynamic domain name server).

**Figure 5-1-5 DDNS Interface** 

#### **Table 5-1-3 Definition of DDNS Settings**

Options	Definition
DDNS	Enable/Disable DDNS(dynamic domain name server)
Туре	Set the type of DDNS server.

Username	Your DDNS account's login name.
Password	Your DDNS account's password.
Your domain	The domain to which your web server will belong.

# Toolkit

It is used to check network connectivity. Support Ping command on web GUI.

Interface: LAN 💌	
google.com	Ping
google.com	Traceroute

#### Output

ping -I 17	72.16.179.1 -c 4 google.com
PING google.com (173.194.72.101) from 172.16.179.1: 56 data bytes 64 bytes from 173.194.72.101: icmp_seq=1 ttl=46 time=596.6 ms 64 bytes from 173.194.72.101: icmp_seq=3 ttl=46 time=600.5 ms google.com ping statistics 4 packets transmitted, 2 packets received, 50% packet loss round-trip min/avg/max = 596.6/598.5/600.5 ms	
	Result
Successfully ping [ google.com ] .	

Figure 5-1-6Network Connectivity Checking

# Advanced

### Asterisk API

When you make "Enable" switch to "on", this page is available.

General		
Enabled:	ON	
Port:	5038	
Manager		
Manager Name:	admin	
Manager secret:	admin	
Deny:	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	
Permit:	172.16.123.123/255.255.0.0&192.168.1.0/2	
Rights		
System:	read: 🕅 write: 🕅	
Call:	read: 🗹 write: 🗹	
Log:	read: 🖉 write: 🗹	
Verbose:	read: 🗹 write: 🕅	

Figure 5-2-1 API Interface

Options	Definition
Port	Network port number
Manager Name	Name of the manager without space
Manager secret	Password for the manager. Characters: Allowed characters "+.<>&0-9a-zA-Z". Length:4-32 characters.
Deny	If you want to deny many hosts or networks, use char & as separator.  Example: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0 or 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0&10.0.0/255.0.0.0
Permit	If you want to permit many hosts or network, use char & as separator. br/>Example: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0 or 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0&10.0.0/255.0.0.0
System	General information about the system and ability to run system management commands, such as Shutdown, Restart, and Reload.
Call	Information about channels and ability to set information in a running channel.
Log	Logging information. Read-only. (Defined but not yet used.)

Table 5-2-1	Definition	of Asterisk API
	Dennition	

Verbose	Verbose information. Read-only. (Defined but not yet used.)
Command	Permission to run CLI commands. Write-only.
Agent	Information about queues and agents and ability to add queue members to a queue.
User	Permission to send and receive UserEvent.
Config	Ability to read and write configuration files.
DTMF	Receive DTMF events. Read-only.
Reporting	Ability to get information about the system.
CDR	Output of cdr, manager, if loaded. Read-only.
Dialplan	Receive NewExten and Varset events. Read-only.
Originate	Permission to originate new calls. Write-only.
All	Select all or deselect all.

Once you set like the above figure, the host 172.16.123.123/255.255.0.0 is allowed to access the gateway API. Please refer to the following figure to access the gateway API by putty. 172.16.123.123 is the gateway's IP, and 5038 is its API port.

🛃 172. 16. 123. 123 - PuIIY	R		
root@Openvox-Wireless-Gateway:~# Asterisk Call Manager/1.1 action: login username: admin secret: admin	telnet	172.16.123.123	5038
Response: Success Message: Authentication accepted			
Event: FullyBooted Privilege: system,all Status: Fully Booted			

Figure 5-2-2 Putty Access

### Asterisk CLI

In this page, you are allowed to run Asterisk commands.

Asterisk CLI		
Command:	?	Execute

Output:

! Execute a shell command agi dump html Dumps a list of AGI commands in HTML format agi exec Add AGI command to a channel in Async AGI agi set debug [on|off] Enable/Disable AGI debugging agi show commands [topic] List AGI commands or specific help aoc set debug enable cli debugging of AOC messages cc cancel Kill a CC transaction cc report status Reports CC stats cdr show status Display the CDR status cel show status Display the CEL status channel request hangup Request a hangup on a given channel

#### Figure 5-2-3 Asterisk Command Interface

Options	Definition
Command	Type your Asterisk CLI commands here to check or debug your gateway.

Table 5-2-2 Definition of As	sterisk API
------------------------------	-------------

If you type "help" or "?" and execute it, the page will show you the executable commands.

### Asterisk File Editor

On this page, you are allowed to edit and create configuration files. Click the file to edit.

Configuration Files	
File Name	File Size
aaa.conf	11474
agents.conf	2136
alarmreceiver.conf	2227
asterisk.conf	247
<u>cdr.conf</u>	572
cdr_custom.conf	388
cdr_manager.conf	59
chan_extra.conf	283
codecs.conf	1655
dnsmgr.conf	190
1 2 3 4 5 <b>)</b> 1 /5 go	

New Configuration File Reload Asterisk

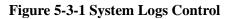
Figure 5-2-4	Configuration	<b>Files List</b>
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Click "New Configuration File" to create a new configuration file. After editing or creating, please reload Asterisk.

### Logs

On the "Log Settings" page, you should set the related logs on to scan the responding logs page. For example, set "System Logs" on like the following, then you can turn to "System" page for system logs, otherwise, system logs is unavailable. And the same with other log pages.

System Logs	
System Logs:	ON
Auto clean:	ON maxsize : 1MB 💌



System Logs	;	]
[2013/07/05	18:51:20]	Power on
[2013/07/08	11:14:57]	Power on
[2013/07/09	13:56:56]	System Update
[2013/07/09	13:59:08]	Power on
[2013/07/09	14:59:43]	System Update
[2013/07/09	15:07:18]	System Update
[2013/07/09	15:10:33]	System Update
[2013/07/09	15:27:58]	System Update
[2013/07/09	15:44:20]	System Update
[2013/07/09	15:46:54]	System Update
[2013/07/09	-	
[2013/07/09		
[2013/07/09	-	
[2013/07/10	18:08:57]	Power off
[2013/07/10	-	Power on
[2013/07/11		System Update
[2013/07/11	-	
[2013/07/11	-	
[2013/07/12		
[2013/07/12		
[2013/07/12	17:26:09]	System Update

#### Figure 5-3-2 System Logs Output

Notice: The same to Asterisk Logs and SIP Logs.

Options	Definition		
System Logs	Whether enable or disable system log.		
Auto clean	switch on :		
(System Logs)	when the size of log file reaches the max size,		
	the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be		
	retained.		
	switch off :		
	logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually.		
	default on, max size=1MB.		
Verbose	Asterisk console verbose message switch.		
Notice	Asterisk console notice message switch.		
Warning	Asterisk console warning message switch.		
Debug	Asterisk console debug message switch.		
Error	Asterisk console error message switch.		

#### Table 5-3-1 Definition of LOG

DTMF	Asterisk console DTMF info switch.
Auto clean:	switch on :
(asterisk logs)	when the size of log file reaches the max size,
	the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained.
	switch off :
	logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually.
	default on, max size=100KB.
SIP Logs:	Whether enable or disable SIP log.
Auto clean:	switch on :
(SIP logs)	when the size of log file reaches the max size,
	the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained.
	switch off :
	logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually.
	default on, default size=100KB.

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